SRP Integrated System Plan Large Stakeholder Group Meeting #3 ISP Early Key Findings

May 12<sup>th</sup>, 2023

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# Welcome

Bobby Olsen Senior Director, Corporate Planning, Environmental Services & Innovation, SRP

## **Welcome SRP Board and Council Observers**



John Hoopes SRP Association Vice President



**Chris Dobson** SRP District Vice President



Anda McAfee SRP Board Member



Jack White SRP Board Member



Larry Rovey SRP Board Member



Krista O'Brien SRP Board Member



Suzanne Naylor SRP Council Member



Rocky Shelton SRP Council Member

## PLANNING TOGETHER, PLANNING BETTER

**120+ community organizations invited to participate** 

# Safety & Sustainability Minute

## Safety

Think safety first, assign a water watcher at the pool

## **Sustainability**

# Reduce water evaporation by putting a cover on the pool



# Meeting Introduction

Joan Isaacson Senior Facilitator, Kearns & West

## **Meeting Objectives:**

- Inform stakeholders on the process to interpret the results and ISP outputs
- Update on analytical process and key findings
- Share initial strategy themes and gather feedback

## Agenda:

| Time        |        | Topics  | Discussion Lead  |
|-------------|--------|---|--|
| 10:00-10:10 | 10 min | Welcome & Opening Remarks   | Bobby Olsen (SRP)<br>Joan Isaacson (K&W)   |
| 10:10-10:30 | 20 min | Where We Are Today & Approach to Complete the Integrated System with Q&A    | Angie Bond-Simpson (SRP)   |
| 10:30-11:25 | 55 min | Review of Early Key Findings with Q&A & Engagement Activity                 | Angie Bond-Simpson (SRP)   |
| 11:25-11:35 | 10 min | Break   |  |
| 11:35-11:55 | 20 min | Initial System Strategy Themes & Engagement Activity                        | Angie Bond-Simpson (SRP)   |
| 11:55-12:00 | 5 min  | Next Steps and Wrap Up  | Maria Naff (SRP)   |
| 12:00-1:00  | 60 min | Stakeholder Appreciation Lunch & Networking with ISP Subject Matter Experts | Subject Matter Experts:<br>Jed Cohen (SRP) - Forecasting<br>Nathan Morey (SRP) - Customer Programs<br>Melissa Martinez (SRP) - Distribution Planning<br>Justin Lee (SRP) -Transmission Planning<br>Joe Hooker & Arne Olson (E3) - Long-term Capacity<br>Expansion/Generation Resources |

## Integrated System Plan (ISP) Large Stakeholder Group Meeting Overview





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## **Guides for Productive Meeting**

- Actively participate
- Be respectful of other perspectives
- Stay concise to allow time for everyone to participate
- Enjoy the meeting!

## **Poll Instructions** Three ways to participate







### **BY COMPUTER**

### **BY SMART PHONE**

#### **BY TEXT MESSAGE**

Go to www.pollev.com/kwp271 on your internet browser. Go to www.pollev.com/kwp271 on your internet browser.

Text kwp271 to 22333 on your mobile device.

We will be using this tool throughout the entire workshop. You will not need to perform this step again. No need to "leave" the session; it will end automatically at the appropriate time.

## **Poll Question**

Enter a phrase or short sentence to answer:

# How does your organization plan for transformational change?

Submit multiple responses if desired.

## How does your organization plan for transformational change?

## **Open Text Responses:**

| Developing new solar generation and battery energy storage systems.  | Utilizing pilot programs to inform new customer program offerings.    |  |
|--|---|--|
| By listening to our partners and the public, providing training, and being open  | Understand recommendations of all stakeholders to determine strategy. |  |
| to change. Using good research to inform our decisions.  | Involve all staff and volunteers.                                     |  |
| Convene our faculty, envision desirable future, create task force, conduct research, make a plan, share and revise, implement. | The President says bring me big ideas.                                |  |
| We spend time to ensure that we understand the problem and then get all  | We stay up to date on current technology trends.                      |  |
| departments involved.  | Risk management approach.   |  |
| Understand the end state and identify potential roadblocks early.  | Develop evolving renewable energy projects.                           |  |
| Open and transparent process.  | Seek out the best data and most accurate information possible.        |  |
| We are starting to look at how rules will have to change to adapt to new   | Gradually.  |  |
| technologies.  | Discuss with internal teams first.                                    |  |
| Difficult without knowing utility plans/priorities.  | We gather data on the pros and cons of the change.                    |  |
| By using more solar.   | Ongoing - planning for change all year round.                         |  |
| Clear objectives.  | Transportation Electrification Activators.                            |  |

# Where We Are Today & Approach to Complete the Integrated System Plan

Angie Bond-Simpson Director, Integrated System Planning & Support, SRP



\*SRP updated the study plan assumptions in February 2023 to incorporate impacts from the Inflation Reduction Act.

## **Draft Products of the ISP**



- Review metrics
- Discuss trends, tradeoffs & findings
- View outcomes through Guiding ISP Principles

## **Develop System Strategies**

## Draft a Balanced System Plan

## Identify ISP Actions

## The Scenarios in the Integrated System Plan



These scenarios are designed to test how future power systems perform across a range of plausible futures. SRP will not be picking one of these scenarios as a result of the ISP.



## The Strategic Approaches in the Integrated System Plan



## **System-Wide Analysis**

#### **Strategic Approaches**



# Questions?

# Review of Key Findings w/ Q&A & Engagement Activity

Angie Bond-Simpson Director, Integrated System Planning & Support, SRP

## **ISP Results from the System Perspective**



## **Integrated System Plan Analysis Overview**





Generation

(Long-Term Capacity Expansion Model)

What generation

resources does SRP

need to add to its

system to maintain

reliability and

achieve SRP's 2035

Sustainability Goals?







#### Forecasting

How much energy does SRP need to plan for, to meet customer's needs in 2035?

#### Transmission Planning

What new transmission infrastructure is needed to deliver energy reliably to SRP's service territory?

#### Distribution Planning

What new distribution infrastructure is needed to deliver energy reliably to SRP customers' homes and businesses?

#### Customer Programs

How do SRP's customer programs need to evolve during the plan period?

## **Subject Matter Experts**

**Forecasting:** Jed Cohen – Manager, Forecasting, SRP

Customer Programs: Nathan Morey – Manager, Product Development, SRP

**Distribution Planning: Melissa Martinez – Manager, Distribution Planning, SRP** 

Transmission Planning: Justin Lee – Manager, Transmission System & Planning, SRP

ISP Long-Term Capacity Expansion: Arne Olson – Senior Partner & Joe Hooker – Director, E3

# SRP's Integrated System Plan Early Key Findings

## **Scenario: Current Trends**

Reflects a central case for how Arizona's future might unfold



**CURRENT TRENDS** 



**Peak Demand & Customer Programs** 3.0% peak load growth rate

500,000\*

electric vehicles on the road

3.800 GWh\* total energy efficiency programs

1,300 MW total distributed solar

300 MW\* total demand response



**Peak Load Forecast** 

Calendar Year

### \*2035 Sustainability Goals

28

## **Future Resource Needs (2025-2035)**

### **Current Trends Scenario**



\*Effective MW represents how each resource serves SRP's reliability needs, which is usually less than nameplate MW.

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## **Scenario: Current Trends**

## Reflects a central case for how Arizona's future might unfold



Load Forecast Customer

### **Peak Demand & Customer Programs**



3.0% peak load growth rate



500,000\* electric vehicles on the road



3.800 GWh\* total energy efficiency programs



1,300 MW total distributed solar



300 MW\* total demand response

#### \*2035 Sustainability Goals



#### **Generating Resources**

Natural gas and renewables are part of a least-cost portfolio. Without firm resource options, higher levels of renewables and storage, including pumped storage are required.



#### 1,300 MW - 1,800 MW coal plants retired

#### **Natural Gas**

is part of a least-cost portfolio

## 🌉 🎢 3,000 MW - 8,000 MW

additional solar and wind



**Battery and Pumped Storage** required if firm option unavailable



16% planning reserve achieved



**CURRENT TRENDS** 

## Modeled Resource Additions, 2025-2035 (MW)





#### Current Trends

Draft results subject to change

25,000

#### **CURRENT TRENDS**

## **Scenario: Current Trends**

### Reflects a central case for how Arizona's future might unfold



Load Forecast

### **Peak Demand & Customer Programs**

Customer



3.0% peak load growth rate



500,000\* electric vehicles on the road



3.800 GWh\* total energy efficiency programs



1.300 MW total distributed solar



300 MW\* total demand response

\*2035 Sustainability Goals



### **Generating Resources**

Natural gas and renewables are part of a least-cost portfolio. Without firm resource options, higher levels of renewables and storage, including pumped storage are required. 1,300 MW - 1,800 MW coal plants retired

**Natural Gas** is part of a least-cost portfolio



3,000 MW - 8,000 MW additional solar and wind

**Battery and Pumped Storage** required if firm option unavailable



16% planning reserves achieved



### **Grid Infrastructure Needs**

Follows closely with currently plans, and requires significant amounts of new grid infrastructure

Location of generation matters 0 impacts transmission infrastructure

- >120 miles of 230 kV and 20-140 miles of 500 kV Transmission
- 19% increase in substation bays to meet future load growth



Growth patterns follow changing customer mix

#### **Southeast Valley Growth**

capacity constraints occur in heavily developed areas

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## Infrastructure Needs: Transmission

- $\checkmark$  230kV line upgrades and additions
- ✓ Increases in 500/230kV transformers (long lead time)
- ✓ Additional 500kV

## 230kV Transmission Line Upgrades and Additions





**CURRENT TRENDS** 

#### **CURRENT TRENDS**

## **Infrastructure Needs: Distribution**

#### Load Growth Through 2035 by Distribution Substation Current Trends Scenario



Total Substation Bay Additions (FY23-35)





#### **CURRENT TRENDS**

## **Scenario: Current Trends**

### Reflects a central case for how Arizona's future might unfold



**Peak Demand & Customer Programs** 



3.0% peak load growth rate



500.000\*

electric vehicles on the road



3.800 GWh\*

total energy efficiency programs



1,300 MW total distributed solar



300 MW\* total demand response

\*2035 Sustainability Goals



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- Q

**Growth patterns follow changing** customer mix

#### **Southeast Valley Growth**

capacity constraints occur in heavily developed areas

## Scenario: Current Trends



#### **CURRENT TRENDS**



Higher electricity demand

The Current Trends scenario reflects a central case for how Arizona's future might unfold.

## **Analysis Highlights:**

- Rapid expansion of the power system
- Doubling or tripling generation capacity
- The location of generating resources can have a significant impact on transmission investment needs.
- Distribution infrastructure driven by rezoning and growth throughout the valley and new infrastructure needs in the Southeast Valley


# Questions?

# **Scenario: Desert Contraction**

Growth slows, in part due to climate change impacts in the Southwest







Growth rates calculated as compound annual growth rates

#### **DESERT CONTRACTION**

# **Scenario: Desert Contraction**

## Growth slows, in part due to climate change impacts in the Southwest



Load Forecast

Customers

## **Peak Demand & Customer Programs**



1.1% peak load growth rate



500.000\* electric vehicles on the road



3.800 GWh\* total energy efficiency programs



1,300 MW total distributed solar



300 MW\* total demand response



### **Generating Resources**

Lower load growth greatly reduces additional capacity needs, particularly for renewables when natural gas is available.



#### 1,300 MW - 1,800 MW coal plants retired

## **Natural Gas**

is part of a least-cost portfolio



**Despite stagnant load** growth, 1,500 - 4,000+ MW of additional resources required driven by coal retirements



16% planning reserve margin

satisfied in all strategic approaches

# Modeled Resource Additions, 2025-2035 (MW)



Draft results subject to change



**DESERT CONTRACTION** 

#### **DESERT CONTRACTION**

# Scenario: Desert Contraction

## Growth slows, in part due to climate change impacts in the Southwest



Load Forecast

Customers

## **Peak Demand & Customer Programs**



1.1% peak load growth rate



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electric vehicles on the road



3.800 GWh\* total energy efficiency programs



1.300 MW total distributed solar



300 MW\* total demand response

# Generation

## **Generating Resources**

Lower load growth greatly reduces additional capacity needs, particularly for renewables when natural gas is available.



1,300 MW - 1,800 MW coal plants retired

Natural Gas is part of a least-cost portfolio



**Despite stagnant load** growth, 1,500 - 4,000+ MW of additional resources required driven by coal retirements





## **Grid Infrastructure Needs**

Still requires infrastructure to support even a low load growth scenario

8% increase in substation bays to meet localized growth

Growth patterns follow changing Q customer mix

**Southeast Valley Growth** capacity constraints occur in heavily developed areas

# **Infrastructure Needs: Distribution**





#### **DESERT CONTRACTION**

# **Scenario: Desert Contraction**

Growth slows, in part due to climate change impacts in the Southwest



Load Forecast

## **Peak Demand & Customer Programs**

Customers



1.1% peak load growth rate



#### 500.000\*

electric vehicles on the road



# 3.800 GWh\*

total energy efficiency programs



1,300 MW total distributed solar



300 MW\* total demand response Generation

## **Generating Resources**

Lower load growth greatly reduces additional capacity needs, particularly for renewables when natural gas is available.



### 1,300 MW - 1,800 MW

coal plants retired

#### **Natural Gas**

is part of a least-cost portfolio 

**Despite stagnant load** 



growth, 1,500 - 4,000+ MW of additional resources required driven by coal retirements

16% planning reserve margin satisfied in all strategic approaches



## **Grid Infrastructure Needs**

Still requires infrastructure to support even a low load growth scenario





#### **Southeast Valley Growth** capacity constraints occur in

heavily developed areas

# Scenario: Desert Contraction

#### **DESERT CONTRACTION**

The Desert Contraction scenario

Lower electricity demand



Higher electricity demand

#### Analysis Highlights: is a future in which growth slows, in part due to climate change impacts in the Southwest.

- Infrastructure including new resources needed despite stagnant growth.
- Transitioning away from coal requires replacement investment.
- Redevelopment and Southeast Valley growth drive distribution investments.

# Scenario: Desert Boom

**Economic growth in the Valley further accelerates** 



**Desert Boom** 

**Growth Rate:** 

Growth Rate: 3.0%

Growth Rate: 1.1%

4.0%

Desert

2035

Contraction

**Current Trends** 



Growth rates calculated as compound annual growth rates

#### **DESERT BOOM**

# **Scenario: Desert Boom**

### **Economic growth in the Valley further accelerates**



Load Forecast



# **Peak Demand & Customer**

**Programs** 



4.0% peak load growth rate



600,000 electric vehicles on the road



3.800 GWh\* total energy efficiency programs



1,800 MW total distributed solar



300 MW\* total demand response



## **Generating Resources**

High load growth requires significant capacity additions. Without firm resources available, the system is unable to meet reliability requirements.



## 1,300 MW - 1,800 MW

coal plants retired

#### **Natural Gas**



#### 4,000 MW - 11,000 MW 竹壘\*

additional solar and wind

## 10,000 MW battery and pumped

storage required if firm option is unavailable



#### 16% planning reserve margin not achieved in No New Fossil or

Min. Coal Strategic Approaches



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# Modeled Resource Additions, 2025-2035 (MW)



Draft results subject to change





**DESERT BOOM** 

#### **DESERT BOOM**

# **Scenario: Desert Boom**

### **Economic growth in the Valley further accelerates**



Load Forecast



## Peak Demand & Customer Programs



**4.0%** peak load growth rate



600,000 electric vehicles on the road



**3,800 GWh\*** total energy efficiency programs



**1,800 MW** total distributed solar



300 MW\* total demand response



## **Generating Resources**

High load growth requires significant capacity additions. Without firm resources available, the system is unable to meet reliability requirements.



1,300 MW - 1,800 MW coal plants retired

#### **Natural Gas**

- is part of a least-cost portfolio
- 4,000 MW 11,000 MW additional solar and wind
- 10,000 MW battery and pumped storage

required if firm option is unavailable

**16% planning reserve margin** not achieved in No New Fossil or Min. Coal Strategic Approaches



## **Grid Infrastructure Needs**

Load growth occurs in areas with more land availability and requires significant amounts of new infrastructure

Location of generation matters impacts transmission infrastructure

- ★ >150 miles of 230 kV and 20-140 miles of 500 kV Transmission
- 24% increase in substation bays to meet future load growth
- Growth patterns follow changing customer mix
  - Southeast Valley Growth
  - capacity constraints occur in heavily developed areas

#### **DESERT BOOM**

# Infrastructure Needs: Transmission

✓ Increased number of 230kV line upgrades and additions

 ✓ Increases in 500/230kV transformers (long lead time)

✓ Additional 500kV





# **Infrastructure Needs: Distribution**

### Load Growth Through 2035 by Distribution Substation Desert Boom Scenario



Total Substation Bay Additions (FY23-35)





**DESERT BOOM** 

#### **DESERT BOOM**

# Scenario: Desert Boom

### **Economic growth in the Valley further accelerates**



Load Forecast

## **Peak Demand & Customer Programs**



4.0% peak load growth rate



600,000 electric vehicles on the road



3.800 GWh\* total energy efficiency programs

1,800 MW





300 MW\* total demand response



## **Generating Resources**

High load growth requires significant capacity additions. Without firm resources available, the system is unable to meet reliability requirements.



## 1,300 MW - 1,800 MW

coal plants retired

#### **Natural Gas**

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#### 4,000 MW - 11,000 MW 计畢

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Load growth occurs in areas with more land availability and requires significant amounts of new infrastructure

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Growth patterns follow changing customer mix

#### **Southeast Valley Growth**

capacity constraints occur in heavily developed areas

\*2035 Sustainability Goals

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# Scenario: Desert Boom

Lower electricity demand

# **Analysis Highlights:**

- Pace of expansion requires extremely rapid development = more risk
- Without a firm capacity resource available the system cannot meet reliability requirements.
- The location of generating resources can have a significant impact on transmission investment needs.
- More granularity needed to plan for reliability on the distribution system.

#### **DESERT BOOM**



Higher electricity demand

The Desert Boom scenario is a future in which economic growth in the Valley further accelerates.



# **Scenario: Strong Climate Policy**

U.S. implements strong climate policies







Growth rates calculated as compound annual growth rates

#### **STRONG CLIMATE POLICY**

# **Scenario: Strong Climate Policy**

## U.S. implements strong climate policies



Load Forecast

t Customers

## Peak Demand & Customer Programs



**2.9%** peak load growth rate



975,000 electric vehicles on the road



**4,500 GWh** total energy efficiency programs



**2,300 MW** total distributed solar



**300 MW\*** total demand response



## **Generating Resources**

In all cases, meeting strong climate goals requires high levels of renewables and battery storage as well as reliance on emerging technologies that provide clean, firm power.



# 1,300 MW - 1,800 MW coal plants retired

11,000 MW+



additional solar and wind



5,000 MW Battery and pumped hydro



#### **100 MW – 700 MW Hydrogen** to meet firm capacity needs



**13% planning reserve margin** satisfied in all approaches

# Modeled Resource Additions, 2025-2035 (MW)



55

#### **STRONG CLIMATE POLICY**

# **Scenario: Strong Climate Policy**

## U.S. implements strong climate policies



Load Forecast

ast Customers

## Peak Demand & Customer Programs



2.9% peak load growth rate



**975,000** electric vehicles on the road



# **4,500 GWh** total energy efficiency programs

\*

2,300 MW total distributed solar



**300 MW\*** total demand response

#### \*2035 Sustainability Goals



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In all cases, meeting strong climate goals requires high levels of renewables and battery storage as well as reliance on emerging technologies that provide clean, firm power.



1,300 MW - 1,800 MW coal plants retired



#### 11,000 MW+

additional solar and wind



5,000 MW Battery and pumped hydro

**100 MW – 700 MW Hydrogen** to meet firm capacity needs



**13% planning reserve margin** satisfied in all approaches



## **Grid Infrastructure Needs**

Follows closely with current plans and requires significant amounts of new infrastructure

**15% increase in substation bays** to meet future load growth



#### Southeast Valley Growth capacity constraints occur in heavily developed areas

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# **Infrastructure Needs: Distribution**

### Load Growth Through 2035 by Distribution Substation Strong Climate Policy Scenario



Total Substation Bay Additions (FY23-35)



#### STRONG CLIMATE POLICY

# **Scenario: Strong Climate Policy**

## U.S. implements strong climate policies

Customers



Load Forecast

# **Peak Demand & Customer Programs**



2.9% peak load growth rate



#### 975.000

electric vehicles on the road



## 4.500 GWh

total energy efficiency programs



2,300 MW total distributed solar



300 MW\* total demand response



## **Generating Resources**

In all cases, meeting strong climate goals requires high levels of renewables and battery storage as well as reliance on emerging technologies that provide clean, firm power.



# 1,300 MW - 1,800 MW

coal plants retired

### 11,000 MW+

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5,000 MW Battery and pumped hydro

100 MW – 700 MW Hydrogen to meet firm capacity needs



 $H_2$ 

13% planning reserve margin satisfied in all approaches



# **Grid Infrastructure Needs**

Follows closely with current plans and requires significant amounts of new infrastructure

15% increase in substation bays to meet future load growth



Growth patterns follow changing customer mix

**Southeast Valley Growth** capacity constraints occur in heavily developed areas

# Scenario: Strong Climate Policy

Lower electricity demand

# **Analysis Highlights:**

- If U.S. government enacted strong climate policy, SRP would need to accelerate renewable & storage deployment significantly.
- Rapid development of green hydrogen infrastructure and commercial availability needed to provide firm capacity.
- Customer programs provide opportunity to defer infrastructure outside of the study period.

#### **STRONG CLIMATE POLICY**



Higher electricity demand

The Strong Climate Policy scenario is a future in which the U.S. implements strong climate policies.





# Questions?

# Customer Programs

# **Customer Programs Key Findings**

2035 Peak Day - Customer Demand / System Load

- Program and price plan design will shift to Net Load in most cases.
- Educational campaigns and initiatives will be needed to reset customers' understanding of when to consume and when to conserve energy.



# **Customer Programs Key Findings**

**Conceptual Pricing & Program Targets** 

- Pricing, Energy Efficiency & Demand Response will evolve to target later hours.
- Storage will become more valuable to Distributed Solar.
- Transportation and Beneficial Electrification programs can leverage mid-day hours to maximize carbon reduction impacts.



# SRP's Integrated System Plan Early Key Findings Summary

# Integrated System Plan Summary of Early Key Findings

# **Resources & Infrastructure**

- ✓ SRP will need to build up to 7 times as many new resources in the next decade than in the last decade to serve customers while achieving reliability and sustainability goals.
- Significant investment over the next decade is needed to strategically build out new grid infrastructure to connect new resources and customers, while achieving reliability and sustainability goals..
- ✓ Without new firm generation capacity, the system cannot satisfy reliability requirements under a high load growth scenario

# **Customer Programs**

✓ Need to evolve programs and price plans to shift consumer behavior and education is needed to reset customers' understanding of when to consume and when to conserve energy.

## **Future Considerations**

- ✓ If the U.S. government enacted a mandate for 85% CO2 reductions by 2035 (Strong Climate Policy), SRP would need to accelerate renewable & storage deployment significantly.
- Future uncertainties around development, planning and permitting processes could impact SRP's ability to grow at the pace needed to meet increasing future load growth.

# Roundtable Chat Key Findings:

What's a key finding that you see as important for the ISP?

# What's a key finding that you see as important for the ISP?

# **Open Text Responses:**

| Possibility of siting battery at the distribution level as new resource   | Long-term planning to hedge against supply chain issues.  |
|---|---|
| Reducing the potential of DSM to meet resource adequacy in strategic  | Cost of implementation and impact on customers. More rate increases?                                |
| approaches.   |   |
| Resource adequacy is extremely important in all scenarios.  | Tech neutral strategy has practically no solar. How can that be?                                    |
|   | More 500kV transmission.  |
| SRP will need an all-in solution (renewables, DERs, DSM, customer programs) to meet its future net peak.  | Keeping peak load growth contained has huge benefits in terms of making lots                        |
|   | of things easier.   |
| Capacity shortages may be alleviated by building new transmission.  | The need for significant capacity increase in the short term  |
| The size of the infrastructure buildout.  |   |
|   | The role that customer programs can play in mitigating the growth issues.                           |
| That SRP is allowing for resources that are not real at this point such as hydrogen yet constraining what is real — customer programs — in this modeling. | Knowing the energy generation applications that are being received for development on federal land. |

# Questions?

# Break

# Initial System Strategy Themes & Engagement Activity

Angie Bond-Simpson Director, Integrated System Planning & Support, SRP

# **System Strategies**

The System Strategies are the **Board-approved**, **long-term strategies** for planning and operating the power system through 2035.



# **Emerging Strategy Themes**

- Evolve Customer Programs & Price Plans
- Develop and Preserve Optionality
- Build and Leverage Partnerships
- Proactive Siting for System Investments/Additional Infrastructure
- Prepare and Equip the Workforce
### **Emerging Strategy Themes**

- Evolve Customer Programs & Price Plans
- Develop and Preserve Optionality
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### **Poll Everywhere Question:**

Based on these themes, what are potential strategies SRP could consider for the ISP?

## Based on these themes, what are potential strategies SRP could consider for the ISP?

### **Open Text Responses**

Systematic, ambitious initiatives to use solar electrons at time of generation.
Eye to rate affordability.

Opportunity to leverage SRP's independent governance to optimize tools for growth.

Plan for a future that eliminates carbon dioxide emissions.

Use ex-coal transmission more efficiently for new renewables.

Relax DR/EE constraints and allow the model to consider all reliable and affordable peak-reducing measures that are available.

Leverage the distribution more in your analysis. Apply programs strategically to resolve distribution issues and bulk issues simultaneously.

Aligning all-source RFP with siting and transmission priorities/constraints.

More policy advocacy at State Federal level to support appropriate scenario(s).

Doubling down on customer programs.

Conduct as much sighting in SEV now as possible.

Continue to increase stakeholder feedback opportunities. Provide opportunity for a twoway dialogue rather than only one-way information sharing. Go with a conservative approach, but feel free to adjust as any forecast has much more error over time.

Customer programs, even with tax incentives most cannot afford rooftop solar.

More insight into drivers of system change and what of those drivers SRP could influence to exceed 2035 goals.

Allow stakeholders access to models and data to enable a real outside evaluation of findings.

Encourage and support for behind the meter systems for commercial/industrial.

Proactive siting of system assets.

Information sharing for building partnerships.

Model the impacts of TOU rates on shaving peak demand.

Non-wire solutions in load pockets at the distribution level.

Systematic, ambitious programs to constrain peak load growth.

Providing transparency and adequate lead time for any future RFPs.

Start planning for long-term transmission needs today.

We need foresight into future load growth.

## Wrap Up and Next Steps

Maria Naff Manager, Integrated Planning (SRP)



### **Next Steps**

#### Large Stakeholder Group

- Technical Working Session on Evolution of Time-of-Day (use) Programs in July (date TBD)
- Meeting #4 in late September

#### **SRP** Team

- Complete ISP analysis
- Develop draft system strategies
- Finish conducting Phase 3 ISP Customer Research Effort



Stakeholder Communication Email: IntSysPlan@srpnet.com

Integrated System Plan: Informational Portal https://srpnet.com/about/integrated-system-plan.aspx

# thank you!